

SATA DOM 630 Horizontal Datasheet (SQF-SDMxx-xG-9xx)



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Revision History

Rev.	Date	History		
0.1	2014/4/24	1. 1 st draft		
0.2	2014/4/24	1. Add write protect switch direction		
0.3	2015/4/2	1. Add power cable information		
1.0	2016/4/1	1. MLC / UMLC update to 15nm		

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1. <u>Overview</u>

Advantech SQFlash SATA DOM combines the advantages of flash disk technology with the Serial ATA III interface, which electrically complies with the Serial ATA International Organization Standard. SATA DOM, consisting of a 7-pin standard SATA interface for mounting on motherboard directly, is designed to operate at a maximum operating frequency of 300MHz with 40MHz external crystal. SQFlash SATA DOM comes with a wide range of capacities from 1GB to 64GB for SLC, and 4GB to up to 128GB for MLC, and delivers the read / write performance up to 500MB/s and 150MB/s, respectively based on Toshiba 24nm toggle SLC Flash IC. Given the features of the low power consumption, small form factor, and high shock-resistance, SATA DOM are deemed to be widely adopted storage device for embedded solutions, and will be an attractive solution to replace the conventional [PATA-interfaced] CompactFlash card in industrial applications.

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2. Features

Standard SATA interface

- Support SATA 1.5 Gbps, 3.0 Gbps, and 6.0 Gbps interface
- SATA Revision 3.0 compliant
- Power management supported
- Operating Voltage : 5V
- Support 72 bit ECC correct per 1K Byte data
- TRIM · AHCI supported

Hardware write protect supported

Temperature Ranges

- Commercial Temperature
 - 0°C to 70°C for operating
 - -40 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ to 85 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ for storage
- Industrial Temperature
 - -40 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ to 85 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ for operating
 - -40° C to 85° C for storage

Mechanical Specification

- Shock : 1,500G / 0.5ms
- Vibration : 20G / 80~2,000Hz

Humidty

– Humidity : 5% ~ 95% under 55 $^{\circ}$ C

Endurance : > 2,000,000 program/erase cycles

- This is a test result of the whole SQFlash drive. The test is to keep writing a fixed logical block address (LBA) and see if any bad blocks occur after 2M cycles. With wear-levelling mechanism, although the disk was kept writing the same LBA but the physical block changes per block writing. So this test also proves that wear-leveling is really working, or the block would be wearout after its designated life cycles.
- Data Retention
 - 10 years
- Acquired RoHS、WHQL、CE、FCC Certificate
- Acoustic : 0 dB
- Dimension : 44.7 mm x 22.2 mm x 1.0 mm

3. Specification Table

Performance

		Sequential Perfo	rmance (MB/sec)	Random Perform	ance (IOPS @4K)
		Read	Write	Read	Write
	1 GB	33.83	21.16	6,994	2,533
	2 GB	67.44	41.19	13,652	4,531
	4 GB	68.66	52.41	12,608	8,837
SLC	8 GB	66.78	56.49	12,705	11,684
	16 GB	523.00	153.00	36,608	27,392
	32 GB	503.70	148.00	41,779	27,238
	64 GB	509.50	152.20	36,762	27,418
	2 GB	121.90	57.17	64,444	12,025
	4 GB	243.70	113.50	44,514	21,069
Ultra	8 GB	321.50	185.00	39,105	29,754
MLC	16 GB	260.80	157.90	36,018	28,428
	32 GB	523.40	187.30	44,434	25,054
	64 GB	523.90	193.20	40,700	24,094
	4 GB	119.40	56.74	64,586	10,409
	8 GB	236.90	113.10	45,339	20,926
MLC	16 GB	302.70	178.40	44,867	27,601
NILC	32 GB	250.70	151.40	42,784	24,905
	64 GB	511.30	185.30	45,903	27,637
	128 GB	528.70	200.70	36,710	27,571

* All performance above are tested with AHCI mode.

Endurance

According to JEDEC subcommittee JC-64.8, the actual endurance of flash storage can be presented by Terabyte Write (TBW), which is measured by NAND Flash physical endurance, Wear-leveling Efficiency (WLE) and Write Amplification Factor (WAF) of specific capacities with following formula.

TBW = [(NAND Flash Physical Endurance) x Capacity x WLE] / WAF

• TBW of sequential writing

	WLE	WAF		TBW	
	VVLE			Ultra MLC	MLC
1 GB	0.9130	1.1013	80		
2 GB	0.9130	1.1017	161	32	
4 GB	0.9130	1.1025	323	64	9
8 GB	0.9120	1.1026	646	129	19
16 GB	0.9120	1.1031	1291	258	38
32 GB	0.9120	1.1029	2584	516	77
64 GB	0.9110	1.1039	5157	1031	154
128 GB	0.9110	1.1039			309

• TBW of random writing

	WLE	WAF		TBW	
	VVLE			Ultra MLC	MLC
1 GB	0.9130	1.2176	73		
2 GB	0.9130	1.2837	138	27	
4 GB	0.9130	1.3034	273	54	8
8 GB	0.9120	1.3278	536	107	16
16 GB	0.9120	2.2323	638	127	19
32 GB	0.9120	2.3535	1210	242	36
64 GB	0.9110	2.4396	2333	466	70
128 GB	0.9110	2.3141			147

4. General Description

Advanced NAND Flash Controller

Advantech SQFlash SATA DOM includes Bad Block Management Algorithm, Wear Leveling Algorithm and Error Detection / Correction Code (EDC/ECC) Algorithm.

Bad Block Management

Bad blocks are blocks that contain one or more invalid bits of which the reliability is not guaranteed. Bad blocks may be representing when flash is shipped and may developed during life time of the device.

Advantech SQFlash SATA DOM implement an efficient bad block management algorithm to detect the factory produced bad blocks and manages any bad blocks that may develop over the life time of the device. This process is completely transparent to the user, user will not aware of the existence of the bad blocks during operation.

Wear Leveling

NAND Type flash have individually erasable blocks, each of which can be put through a finite number of erase cycles before becoming unreliable. It means after certain cycles for any given block, errors can be occurred in a much higher rate compared with typical situation. Unfortunately, in the most of cases, the flash media will not been used evenly. For certain area, like file system, the data gets updated much frequently than other area. Flash media will rapidly wear out in place without any rotation.

Wear leveling attempts to work around these limitations by arranging data so that erasures and re-writes are distributed evenly across the full medium. In this way, no single sector prematurely fails due to a high concentration of program/erase cycles.

Advantech SQFlash SATA DOM provides advanced wear leveling algorithm, which can efficiently spread out the flash usage through the whole flash media area. By implement both dynamic and static wear leveling algorithms, the life expectancy of the flash media can be improved significantly.

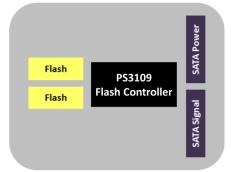
Error Detection / Correction

Advantech SQFlash SATA DOM utilizes BCH ECC Algorithm which offers one of the most powerful ECC algorithms in the industry. This algorithm can support 44 bit ECC correct per 1K Byte data.

Sophisticate Product Management Systems

Since industrial application require much more reliable devices compare with consumer product, a more sophisticated product management system become necessary for industrial customer requirement. The key to providing reliable devices is product traceability and failure analysis system. By implement such systems end customer can expect much more reliable product.

Block Diagram



■ LBA、Cylinders、Heads、Sectors value

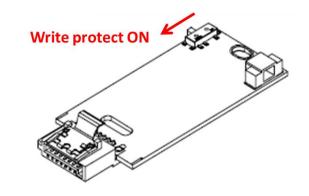
Density	LBA
1 GB	1,974,672
2 GB	3,928,176
4 GB	7,835,184
8 GB	15,649,200
16 GB	31,277,232
32 GB	62,533,296
64 GB	125,045,424
128 GB	250,069,680

5. Pin Assignment and Description

5.1 SATA DOM Interface Pin Assignments (Signal Segment)

Pin #	Pin Def.	Description	Mate Sequence
S1	GND		1 st
S2	A+	Host Transmitter	2 nd
S3	A-	Differential Signal Pair	2 nd
S4	GND		1 st
S5	B-	Host Receiver	2 nd
S6	B+	Differential Signal Pair	2 nd
S7	GND		1 st

5.2 Write Protect Switch Direction



6. Identify Device Data

The Identity Device Data enables Host to receive parameter information from the device. The parameter words in the buffer have the arrangement and meanings defined in below table. All reserve bits or words are zero

Word Address	Default Value	Data Field Type Information		
0	0040h	General configuration bit-significant information		
1	*1	Obsolete – Number of logical cylinders		
2	C837h	Specific configuration		
3	0010h	Obsolete – Number of logical heads (16)		
4-5	0000h	Retired		
6	003Fh	Obsolete – Number of logical sectors per logical track (63)		
7-8	0000h	Reserved for assignment by the Compact Flash Association		
9	0000h	Retired		
10-19	Varies	Serial number (20 ASCII characters)		
20-21	0000h	Retired		
22	0000h	Obsolete		
23-26	Varies	Firmware revision (8 ASCII characters)		
27-46	Varies	Model number (xxxxxxx)		
47	8010h	7:0- Maximum number of sectors transferred per interrupt on MULTIPLE commands		
48	4000h	Trusted Computing feature set options(not support)		
49	2F00h	Capabilities		
50	4000h	Capabilities		
51-52	00000h	Obsolete		
53	0007h	Words 88 and 70:64 valid		
54	*1	Obsolete – Number of logical cylinders		
55	0010h	Obsolete – Number of logical heads (16)		
56	003Fh	Obsolete – Number of logical sectors per track (63)		
57-58	*2	Obsolete – Current capacity in sectors		
59	0110h	Number of sectors transferred per interrupt on MULTIPLE commands		
60-61	*3	Maximum number of sector (28bit LBA mode)		
62	0000h	Obsolete		
63	0407h	Multi-word DMA modes supported/selected		
64	0003h	PIO modes supported		
65	0078h	Minimum Multiword DMA transfer cycle time per word		
66	0078h	Manufacturer's recommended Multiword DMA transfer cycle time		
67	0078h	Minimum PIO transfer cycle time without flow control		
68	0078h	Minimum PIO transfer cycle time with IORDY flow control		

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69	0100h	Additional Supported (support download microcode DMA)		
70	0000h	Reserved		
71-74	0000h	Reserved for the IDENTIFY PACKET DEVICE command		
75	001Fh	Queue depth		
76	670eh	Serial SATA capabilities		
77	0084h	Serial ATA Additional Capabilities		
78	014Ch	Serial ATA features supported		
79	0040h	Serial ATA features enabled		
80	07F8h	Major Version Number		
81	0000h	Minor Version Number		
82	346bh	Command set supported		
83	7d09h	Command set supported		
84	6063h	Command set/feature supported extension		
85	3469h	Command set/feature enabled		
86	bc01h	Command set/feature enabled		
87	6063h	Command set/feature default		
88	003Fh	Ultra DMA Modes		
89	0001h	Time required for security erase unit completion		
90	001Eh	Time required for Enhanced security erase completion		
91	0000h	Current advanced power management value		
92	FFFEh	Master Password Revision Code		
93	0000h	Hardware reset result. The contents of the bits (12:0) of this word can be changed only during the execution of hardware reset.		
94	0000h	Vendor's recommended and actual acoustic management value		
95	0000h	Stream Minimum Request Size		
96	0000h	Streaming Transfer Time – DMA		
97	0000h	Streaming Access Latency – DMA and PIO		
98-99	0000h	Streaming Performance Granularity		
100-103	*4	Maximum user LBA for 48 bit Address feature set		
104	0000h	Streaming Transfer Time – PIO		
105	0008h	Maximum number of 512-byte blocks per DATA SET MANAGEMENT command		
106	4000h	Physical sector size/Logical sector size		
107	0000h	Inter-seek delay for ISO-7779 acoustic testing in microseconds		
108-111	0000h	Unique ID		
112-116	0000h	Reserved		
117-118	0000h	Words per logical Sector		
117 110				

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120	4014h	Command set/Feature Enabled/Supported
121-126	0000h	Reserved
127	0000h	Removable Media Status Notification feature set support
128	0021h	Security status
129-140	0000h	Vendor specific
141	0001h	Vendor specific
142-159	0000h	Vendor specific
160	0000h	Compact Flash Association (CFA) power mode 1
161-167	0000h	Reserved for assignment by the CFA
168	3h 2.5 inch 4h 1.8 inch 5h Less than 1.8 inch	Device Nominal Form Factor
169	0001h	DATA SET MANAGEMENT command is supported
170-173	0000h	Additional Product Identifier
174-175	0000h	Reserve
176-205	0000h	Current media serial number
206	0000h	SCT Command Transport
207-208	0000h	Reserved
209	4000h	Alignment of logical blocks within a physical block
210-211	0000h	Write-Read-Verify Sector Count Mode 3 (not support)
212-213	0000h	Write-Read-Verify Sector Count Mode 2 (not support)
214-216	0000h	NV Cache relate (not support)
217	0001h	Non-rotating media device
218	0000h	Reserved
219	0000h	NV Cache relate (not support)
220	0000h	Write read verify feature set current mode
221	0000h	Reserved
222	107Fh	Transport major version number
223	0000h	Transport minor version number
224-229	0000h	reserved
230-233	0000h	Extend number of user addressable sectors
234	0001h	Minimum number of 512-byte data blocks per DOWNLOAD MICROCODE command for mode 03h
235	0080h	Maximum number of 512-byte data blocks per DOWNLOAD MICROCODE command for mode 03h
236-254	0000h	Reserved
255	XXA5h XX is variable	Integrity word (Checksum and Signature)

Capacity (GB)	*1 (Word 1 / 54)	*2 (Word 57 - 58)	*3 (Word 60 - 61)	*4 (Word 100 – 103)
1	7A7h	1E2190h	1E2190h	1E2190h
2	F39h	3BF070h	3BF070h	3BF070h



4	1E5Dh	778E30h	778E30h	778E30h
8	3CA5h	EEC9B0h	EEC9B0h	EEC9B0h
16	3FFFh	FBFC10h	1DD40B0h	1DD40B0h
32	3FFFh	FBFC10h	3BA2EB0h	3BA2EB0h
64	3FFFh	FBFC10h	7740AB0h	7740AB0h

ATA Command Set [Command Set List] 7.

Op-Code	Command Description	
06h	Data Set Management	
10h-1Fh	Recalibrate	
20h	Read Sectors	
21h	Read Sectors without Retry	
24h	Read Sectors EXT	
25h	Read DMA EXT	
27h	Read Native Max Address EXT	
29h	Read Multiple EXT	
2Fh	Read Log EXT	
30h	Write Sectors	
31h	Write Sectors without Retry	
34h	Write Sectors EXT	
35h	Write DMA EXT	
37h	Set Native Max Address EXT	
39h	Write Multiple EXT	
3Dh	Write DMA FUA EXT	
3Fh	Write Long EXT	
40h	Read Verify Sectors	
41h	Read Verify Sectors without Retry	
42h	Read Verify Sectors EXT	
60h	Read FPDMA Queued	
61h	Write FPDMA Queued	
70h	Seek	
90h	Execute Device Diagnostic	
91h	Initialize Device Parameters	
92h	Download Microcode	
B0h	SMART	
C4h	Read Multiple	
C5h	Write Multiple	
C6h	Set Multiple Mode	
C8h	Read DMA	
C9h	Read DMA without Retry	
CAh	Write DMA	
CBh	Write DMA without Retry	
CEh	Write Multiple FUA EXT	
E0h	Standby Immediate	
E1h	Idle Immediate	
E2h	Standby	
E3h	Idle	
E4h	Read Buffer	
E5h	Check Power Mode	
E6h	Sleep	
E7h	Flush Cache	
E8h	Write Buffer	
EAh	Flush Cache EXT	
ECh	Identify Device	
EFh	Set Features	
F1h	Security Set Password	
F2h	Security Unlock	

F3h	Security Erase Prepare
F4h	Security Erase Unit
F5h	Security Freeze Lock
F6h	Security Disable Password
F8h	Read Native Max Address
F9h	Set Max Address

[Command Set Descriptions]

1. CHECK POWER MODE (code: E5h);

This command allow host to determine the current power mode of the device.

2. DOWNLOAD MICROCODE (code: 92h);

This command enable the host to alter the device's microcode. The data transferred using the DOWNLOAD MICROCODE command is vendor specific.

All transfers shall be an integer multiple of the sector size. The size of the data transfer is determined by the content of the LBA Low register and the Sector Count register.

This allows transfer sizes from 0 bytes to 33,553,920 bytes, in 512bytes increments.

3. EXECUTE DEVICE DIAGNOSTIC (code: 90h);

This command performs the internal diagnostic tests implemented by the module.

4. FLUSH CACHE (code: E7h);

This command used by the host to request the device to flush the write cache.

5. FLUSH CACHE EXT (code: EAh);

This command is used by the host to request the device to flush the write cache. If there is data in the write cache, that data shall be written to the media.

6. IDENTIFY DEVICE (code: ECh);

The IDENTIFY DEVICE command enables the host to receive parameter information from the module.

7. IDLE (code: 97h or E3h);

This command allows the host to place the module in the IDLE mode and also set the Standby timer. INTRQ may be asserted even through the module may not have fully transitioned to IDLE mode. If the Sector Count register is non-"0", then the Standby timer shall be enabled. The value in the Sector Count register shall be used to determine the time programmed into the Standby timer. If the Sector Count register is "0" then the Standby timer is disabled.

8. IDLE IMMEDIATE (code: E1h);

This command causes the module to set BSY, enter the Idle (Read) mode, clear BSY and generate an interrupt.

9. INITIALIZE DEVICE PARAMETERS (code: 91h);

This command enables the host to set the number of sectors per track and the number of heads per cylinder.

10. NOP (code: 00h);

If this command is issued, the module respond with command aborted.

11. READ BUFFER (code: E4h);

This command enables the host to read the current contents of the module's sector buffer.

12. READ DMA (code: C8h or C9h);

This command reads from "1" to "256" sectors as specified in the Sector Count register using the DMA data transfer protocol. A sector count of "0" requests "256" sectors transfer. The transfer begins at the sector specified in the Sector Number register.

13. READ DMA Ext (code: 25h);

This command allows the host to read data using the DMA data transfer protocol.

14. READ MULTIPLE (code: C4h);

This command performs similarly to the READ SECTORS command. Interrupts are not generated on each sector, but on the transfer of a block which contains the number of sector per block is defined by the content of word 59 in the IDENTIFY DEVICE response.

15. READ MULTIPLE EXT (code: 29h);

This command performs similarly to the READ SECTORS command. The number of sectors per block is defined by a successful SET MULTIPLE command. If no successful SET MULTIPLE command has been issued, the block is defined by the device's default value for number of sectors per block as defined in bits (7:0) in word 47 in the IDENTIFY DEVICE information.

16. READ NATIVE MAX ADDRESS (code: F8h);

This command returns the native maximum address. The native maximum address is the highest address accepted by the device in the factory default condition.

17. READ NATIVE MAX ADDRESS EXT (code: 27h);

This command returns the native maximum address.

18. READ SECTOR(S) (code: 20h or 21h);

This command reads from "1" to "256" sectors as specified in the Sector Count register. A sector count of "0" requests "256" sectors transfer. The transfer begins at the sector specified in the Sector Number register.

19. READ SECTOR(S) EXT (code: 24h);

This command reads from "1" to "65536" sectors as specified in the Sector Count register. A sector count of "0" requests "65536" sectors transfer. The transfer begins at the sector specified in the Sector Number register.

20. READ VERIFY SECTOR(S) (code: 40h or 41h);

This command is identical to the READ SECTORS command, except that DRQ is never set and no data is transferred to the host.

21. READ VERIFY SECTOR(S) EXT (code: 42h);

This command is identical to the READ SECTORS command, except that DRQ is never set and no data is transferred to the host.

22. RECALIBRATE (code: 1Xh);

This command return value is select address mode by the host request.

23. SECURITY DISABLE PASSWORD (code: F6h);

This command transfers 512 bytes of data from the host. Table defines the content of this information. If the password selected by word 0 match the password previously saved by the device, the device shall disable the Lock mode. This command shall not change the Master password. The Master password shall be reactivated when a User password is set.

24. SECURITY ERASE PREPARE (code: F3h);

This command shall be issued immediately before the SECURITY ERASE UNIT command to enable device eraseing and unlocking.

25. SECURITY ERASE UNIT (code: F4h);

This command transfer 512 bytes of data from the host. Table## defines the content of this information. If the password does not match the password previously saved by the device, the device shall reject the command with command aborted.

The SECURITY ERASE PREPARE command shall be completed immediately prior to the SECURITY ERASE UNIT command.

26. SECURITY FREEZE LOCK (code: F5h);

This command shall set the device to frozen mode. After command completion any other commands that update the device Lock mode shall be command aborted. Frozen shall be disabled by power-off or hardware reset.

If SECURITY FREEZE LOCK is issued when the drive is in frozen mode, the drive executes the command and remains in frozen mode.

27. SECURITY SET PASSWORD (code: F1h);

This command transfer 512 bytes of data from the host. Table defines the content of this information. The data transferred controls the function of this command. Table defines the interaction of the identifier and security level bits.

28. SECURITY UNLOCK (code: F2h);

This command transfer 512 bytes of data from the host. Table (as Disable Password) defines the content of this information.

If the Identifier bit is set to Master and the device is in high security level, then the password supplied shall be compared with the stored Master password. If the device is in maximum security level then the unlock shall be rejected.

If the identifier bit is set to user then the device shall compare the supplied password with the stored User password.

If the password compare fails then the device shall return command aborted to the host and decrements the unlock counter. This counter shall be initially set to five and shall be decremented for each password mismatch when SECURITY UNLOCK is issued and the device is locked. When this counter reachs zero then SECURITY UNLOCK and SECURITY ERASE UNIT command shall be aborted unit! a power-on or a hardware reset.

29. SEEK (code: 7Xh);

This command performs address range check.

30. SET MAX ADDRESS (code: F9h);

After successful command completion, all read and write access attempts to address greater than specified by the successful SET MAX ADDRESS command shall be rejected with an IDNF error. IDENTIFY DEVICE response words (61:60) shall reflect the maximum address set with this command.

31. SET MAX ADDRESS EXT (code: 37h);

After successful command completion, all read and write access attempts to address greater than specified by the successful SET MAX ADDRESS command shall be rejected with an IDNF error. IDENTIFY DEVICE response words (61:60) shall reflect the maximum address set with this command.

32. SET FEATURE (code: EFh);

This command is used by the host to establish parameters that affect the execution of certain device features.

33. SET MULTIPLE MODE (code: C6h);

This command enables the device to perform READ and Write Multiple operations and establishes the block count for these commands.

34. SLEEP (code: 99h or E6h);

This command causes the module to set BSY, enter the Sleep mode, clear BSY and generate an interrupt.

35. SMART READ DATA (code: B0h with Feature register value of D0h);

This command returns the Device SMART data structure to the host.

36. SMART ENABLE/DISABLE AUTO SAVE (code: B0h with Feature register value of D2h); This command enables and disables the optional attribute autosave feature of the device.

37. SMART EXECUTE OFF_LINE (code: B0h with Feature register value of D4h);

This command cause the device to immediately initiate the optional set of activities that collect SMART data in an off-line mode and then save this data to the device's non-volatile memory, or execute a self-diagnostic test routine in either captive or off-line mode.

38. SMART READ LOG (code: B0h with Feature register value of D5h);

This command returns the specified log data to the host.

39. SMART ENABLE OPERATION (code: B0h with Feature register value of D8h);

This command enables access to all SMART capabilities within the device. Prior to receipt of this command SMART data are neither monitored nor saved by the device.

40. SMART DISABLE OPERATION (code: B0h with Feature register value of D9h);

This command disables all SMART capabilities within the device including any and all timer and event count functions related exclusively to this feature. After command acceptance the device shall disable all SMART operations.

After receipt of this command by the device, all other SMART commands including SMART DISABLE OPERATION commands, with exception of SMART ENABLE OPERATIONS, are disabled and invalid and shall be command aborted by the device.

41. SMART RETURN STATUS (code: B0h with Feature register value of DAh);

This command cause the device to communicate the reliability status of the device to the host.

42. STANDBY (code: E2h);

This command causes the module to set BSY, enter the Standby mode, clear BSY and return the interrupt immediately.

43. STANDBY IMMEDIATE (code: E0h);

This command causes the module to set BSY, enter the Standby mode, clear BSY and return the interrupt immediately.

44. WRITE BUFFER (code: E8h);

This command enables the host to overwrite contents of the module's sector buffer with any data pattern desired.

45. WRITR DMA (code: CAh or CBh);

This command writes from "1" to "256" sectors as specified in the Sector Count register using the DMA data transfer protocol. A sector count of "0" requests "256" sectors transfer. The transfer begins at the sector specified in the Sector Number register.

46. WRITR DMA EXT (code: 35h);

This command writes from "1" to "65536" sectors as specified in the Sector Count register using the DMA data transfer protocol. A sector count of "0" requests "65536" sectors transfer. The transfer begins at the sector specified in the Sector Number register.

47. WRITE MULTIPLE (code: C5h);

This command is similar to the WRITE SECTORS command. Interrupts are not presented on each sector, but on the transfer of a block which contains the number of sectors defined by Set Multiple command.

48. WRITE MULTIPLE EXT (code: 39h);

This command is similar to the WRITE SECTORS command. Interrupts are not presented on each sector, but on the transfer of a block which contains the number of sectors defined by Set Multiple command.

49. WRITE SECTOR(S) (code: 30h);

This command writes from "1" to "256" sectors as specified in the Sector Count register. A sector count of "0" requests "256" sectors transfer. The transfer begins at the sector specified in the Sector Number register.

50. WRITE SECTOR(S) EXT (code: 34h);

This command writes from "1" to "65536" sectors as specified in the Sector Count register. A sector count of "0" requests "65536" sectors transfer. The transfer begins at the sector specified in the Sector Number register.

51. WRITE SECTOR(S) W/O ERASE (code: 38h);

This command writes from "1" to "256" sectors as specified in the Sector Count register. A sector count of "0" requests "256" sectors transfer. The transfer begins at the sector specified in the Sector Number register.

52. WRITE VERIFY (code: 3Ch);

This command is similar to the WRITE SECTOR(S) command, except that each sector is verified before the command is completed.



8. <u>System Power Consumption</u>

8.1 Supply Voltage

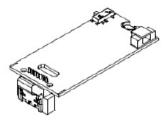
Parameter	Rating	
Operating Voltage	5V +/- 5%	

8.2 Power Consumption

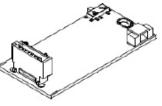
	mA	Read	Write	Idle	Slumber
	1 GB	158.79	167.88	77.27	10.00
	2 GB	185.16	208.79	78.48	10.00
	4 GB	191.82	239.70	78.79	10.00
SLC	8 GB	182.73	221.21	78.79	10.00
	16 GB	296.97	281.82	84.85	10.00
	32 GB	363.64	393.94	84.85	10.00
	64 GB	409.10	424.25	87.88	10.00
	2 GB	260.61	227.28	84.85	10.00
	4 GB	363.64	266.67	84.85	10.00
Ultra	8 GB	287.88	257.58	84.85	10.00
MLC	16 GB	409.10	378.79	87.88	10.00
	32 GB	469.70	393.94	90.91	10.00
	64 GB	484.85	393.94	90.91	10.00
	4 GB	260.61	218.19	84.85	10.00
	8 GB	350.00	268.19	84.85	10.00
MLC	16 GB	284.85	254.55	84.85	10.00
IVILO	32 GB	409.10	366.67	87.88	10.00
	64 GB	475.76	384.85	90.91	10.00
	128 GB	484.85	393.94	90.91	10.00



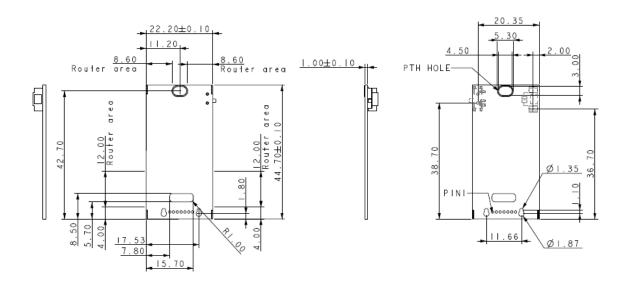
9. <u>Physical Dimension</u> SATA DOM (Unit: mm)



Horizontal Top

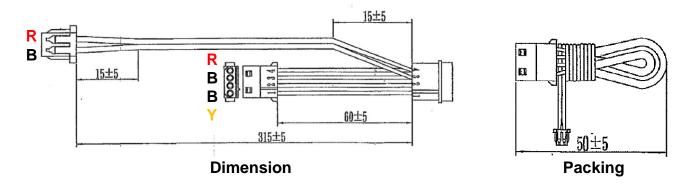


Horizontal Bottom





Power Cable (Unit: mm)



Appendix: Part Number Table

SLC Top

Product	Advantech PN
SQF SATA DOM 630T 1G SLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMS1-1G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 2G SLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMS2-2G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 4G SLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMS2-4G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 8G SLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMS2-8G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 16G SLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMS4-16G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 32G SLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMS4-32G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 64G SLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMS4-64G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 1G SLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMS1-1G-9ET
SQF SATA DOM 630T 2G SLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMS2-2G-9ET
SQF SATA DOM 630T 4G SLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMS2-4G-9ET
SQF SATA DOM 630T 8G SLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMS2-8G-9ET
SQF SATA DOM 630T 16G SLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMS4-16G-9ET
SQF SATA DOM 630T 32G SLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMS4-32G-9ET
SQF SATA DOM 630T 64G SLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMS4-64G-9ET

SLC Bottom

Product	Advantech PN
SQF SATA DOM 630B 1G SLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMS1-1G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 2G SLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMS2-2G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 4G SLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMS2-4G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 8G SLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMS2-8G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 16G SLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMS4-16G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 32G SLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMS4-32G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 64G SLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMS4-64G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 1G SLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMS1-1G-9EB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 2G SLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMS2-2G-9EB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 4G SLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMS2-4G-9EB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 8G SLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMS2-8G-9EB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 16G SLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMS4-16G-9EB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 32G SLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMS4-32G-9EB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 64G SLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMS4-64G-9EB

Ultra MLC Top

Product	Advantech PN
SQF SATA DOM 630T 2G U-MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMU1-2G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 4G U-MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMU2-4G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 8G U-MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMU2-8G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 16G U-MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMU2-16G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 32G U-MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMU2-32G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 64G U-MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMU2-64G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 2G U-MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMU1-2G-9ET
SQF SATA DOM 630T 4G U-MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMU2-4G-9ET
SQF SATA DOM 630T 8G U-MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMU2-8G-9ET
SQF SATA DOM 630T 16G U-MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMU2-16G-9ET
SQF SATA DOM 630T 32G U-MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMU2-32G-9ET
SQF SATA DOM 630T 64G U-MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMU2-64G-9ET

Ultra MLC Bottom

Product	Advantech PN
SQF SATA DOM 630B 2G U-MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMU1-2G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 4G U-MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMU2-4G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 8G U-MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMU2-8G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 16G U-MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMU2-16G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 32G U-MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMU2-32G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 64G U-MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMU2-64G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 2G U-MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMU1-2G-9EB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 4G U-MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMU2-4G-9EB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 8G U-MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMU2-8G-9EB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 16G U-MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMU2-16G-9EB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 32G U-MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMU2-32G-9EB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 64G U-MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMU2-64G-9EB

MLC Top

Product	Advantech PN
SQF SATA DOM 630T 4G MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMM1-4G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 8G MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMM2-8G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 16G MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMM2-16G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 32G MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMM2-32G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 64G MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMM2-64G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 128G MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMM2-128G-9CT
SQF SATA DOM 630T 4G MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMM1-4G-9ET
SQF SATA DOM 630T 8G MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMM2-8G-9ET
SQF SATA DOM 630T 16G MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMM2-16G-9ET
SQF SATA DOM 630T 32G MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMM2-32G-9ET
SQF SATA DOM 630T 64G MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMM2-64G-9ET
SQF SATA DOM 630T 128G MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMM2-128G-9ET

MLC Bottom

Product	Advantech PN
SQF SATA DOM 630B 4G MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMM1-4G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 8G MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMM2-8G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 16G MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMM2-16G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 32G MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMM2-32G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 64G MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMM2-64G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 128G MLC (0~70°C)	SQF-SDMM2-128G-9CB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 4G MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMM1-4G-9EB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 8G MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMM2-8G-9EB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 16G MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMM2-16G-9EB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 32G MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMM2-32G-9EB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 64G MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMM2-64G-9EB
SQF SATA DOM 630B 128G MLC (-40~85°C)	SQF-SDMM2-128G-9EB